

MARKETS

NEW YORK CITY
Electrolytic, 18.12 @ 18.25
Silver, 49 5/8
Copper, steady.

The Bisbee Daily Review

WEATHER

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and Arizona—Fair.

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ROUTE IS OPEN FOR TEUTONS TO GOLDEN HORN

Capital of Serbia, Nish, Falls Into the Hands of the Invading Bulgarian Army After Terrific Resistance.

ROUTE TO SOFIA AND CONSTANTINOPLE OPEN

Bulgars in Southern Serbia Out-fought by the Allied Armies; No Help Is Expected From the Hands of Greece.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The Bulgarians have occupied Nish, giving them control of the railway from Prahova on the Danube and opening the route of the central powers to Sofia and Constantinople. The Bulgarian and German armies affected a junction at Krivitz. It is expected the campaign will now move faster.

It is apparent Serbia's only assistance is to be from the British and French. There is no evidence that Greece intends to change her policy despite the defeat of Kalais, and the triumph of Venizelos. It is reported that Zalmis had undertaken to form a new cabinet. This is unconfirmed. Athens dispatches are delayed. The Russians are advancing westward in the Balkan section. The positions of the two southern rivers are unchanged. Nothing is able to make progress with each launching heavy attacks.

Except for the southern part of Serbia the invasion is already gathering momentum and despite the Serbian resistance the invaders have made considerable progress. The allied forces in the south appear too strong for the Bulgarians who admit they were forced by superior numbers.

It is reported, through the Serbian legation at Athens, that the British, French and Serbians inflicted a severe defeat on the Bulgarians at Izvor ten miles west of the Vardar River, where the French left to join the right of the Serbians' southern army. It is claimed the Bulgarians are retreating toward Vele. More of the allied troops are being sent from Saloniki to the scene of fighting in hope they will be able to capture Vele, and compel the Bulgarians, who have advanced west of Ukip, to retire and clear the Saloniki and Mitrobitzka railways. They are unable to send assistance to the Serbian northern army at the present time. News of the Russian expedition, reported on the Rumanian frontier, is lacking.

LITTLE VERDICT REACHED
BOSTON, Nov. 6.—The court martial of Rear Admiral Little, retired, and agreed on a verdict. It was forwarded to Washington. Indulged. The charges were preferred by Daniels, who will announce the verdict. Little was charged with neglect in recommending the acceptance of the K-3 who the batteries developed faults.

GRANT TRAIN MEN'S DEMAND

LONDON, Nov. 6.—After protracted negotiations, the demand of the English railway men for an increase in their war bonus has been settled by the granting of about half their demand. Under the new agreement the war bonus of most railway employees is practically doubled. The rate granted at the beginning of the war averaged fifty cents to seventy-five cents weekly, the revised bonus will, in most cases reach \$1.25 weekly. The adjustment will cost nearly \$20,000,000 a year.

Presumably the government will take over most of this extra burden. In return for the higher war bonuses now allowed, the men's leaders have agreed not to present any further demands during the time the roads remain under government control.

WANTS SUFFRAGE HEARING
NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Dr. Anna Shaw, president of the National Woman Suffrage Association, is asking permission of the representatives of the association to appear at meetings of the Republican and Democratic national committees to discuss the possibility of giving woman suffrage "real and pertinent hearing." The requests are addressed to Chairman McCombs Democrat, and Hills, Republican.

MASTERS PROBLEMS OF RAILROAD RATES



Mrs. George Alexander Mosshart.

Railroad rates, it is generally believed, are not in the sphere of woman's comprehension, but there is at least one woman who has proved her capacity to master that dry and technical subject. She is Mrs. George Alexander Mosshart, president of the Washington Woman Suffrage Council and treasurer of the committee of influential Washington women who are in charge of the arrangements which are being made for the forty-seventh annual convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, to be held in Washington, December 14-19.

CONFERENCE HAD WITH OBREGON ON BORDER

General Funston and Obregon Confer on the Matter of Protecting Americans Now in the Country Controlled By Villa

DOUGLAS, Nov. 6.—General Funston and Obregon conferred today. They discussed means for protecting Americans remaining in the section of Sonora under Villa control. Funston declined to discuss the result of the conference. Funston leaves tomorrow for his San Antonio headquarters. It is understood Funston considers an Agua Prieta attack in the near future, unlikely.

Obregon conferred with Carranza officials at Agua Prieta and Douglas. Carranza's consul Garduno stated that Obregon's mission was merely to confer with Carranza relative to the needs of the Sonora campaign. He intends an immediate return to Torreon.

The manager of the El Tigre Company denied that Villa had formally demanded \$25,000. It was unofficially learned here that a Villa force under General Dieguez had occupied Hermosillo. It is understood the Villa main army is moving to Naco. Obregon is at Agua Prieta in constant communication with Carranza officials.

Obregon refused to state whether he would assume command of the forces opposing Villa or return to Torreon. A military authority said Obregon claimed to have information that Maytorena of Sonora protested against the continued presence of Villa in Sonora.

NOT TO BE EXECUTED.

BROWNSVILLE, Nov. 6.—Carranza officials at Matamoros say Mariano Rodriguez, a Texas born Mexican, will not be executed in case he is found guilty of an attempt to recruit volunteers at Matamoros for a Texas revolution in the United States.

Rodriguez is held in the Matamoros jail. The investigation of the case is completed. The findings were forwarded to Carranza. Military officials at Matamoros said the arrest was a step toward fulfilling the order of Carranza to the forces of the de facto government to co-operate with the United States in ridding the border of lawless characters who have created fatal disturbances in the past few months.

EO ENLARGE WEST POINT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—War Department has named a board of general officers to consider the enlarging of the capacity of the Military Academy at West Point. Maj. Gen. Scott, Brig. Gen. Bliss, Crowder and McCane, Col. Clarence T. Townsley, and Capt. Douglas McArthur are on the board.

ENORMOUS LOSSES

PARIS, Nov. 6.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency says an official statement issued by the Serbian legation estimates the Bulgarian losses in killed and wounded up to the present at one hundred thousand.

AMERICANS IN YOSHITO IN PERIL NOW ARE SAFE CORONATION CAPITAL

Two American Doctors and Two Automobile Men, Reported Killed By Fire on Agua Prieta Battlefield, Reach Border.

HARROWING EXPERIENCE HAD BY THE QUARTETTE

Were Suspected of Being Spies By the Villa Commander and Were Taken to Villa Verde Where They Were Released.

After being declared dead by no less a personage than Francisco Villa, and after several days' experience which will live long in their memories, Dr. Thirpen and Dr. Miller, both of the medical staff of the Cananea Consolidated Copper company, Joe Pylant and R. T. Wilson, of Naco, arrived safe in Naco, Arizona, yesterday morning.

Thursday afternoon word was received in Bisbee to the effect that the four men had been killed while attending to wounded in front of Agua Prieta. The word was brought to Villa and transmitted by him to the American authorities.

The information was to the effect that Calles' fire had killed the four men. It was stated that the bodies had been buried. The killings were supposed to have occurred Wednesday afternoon. It was learned Thursday evening that the men were seen as late as 5 o'clock that afternoon.

The party of Americans, from advice received in Bisbee, were picked up by a detachment of Villa troops and held as possible spies. It is even stated that the commander of the detachment was going to order their execution when General Bracamonte, formerly of the Sonora border and well known in this vicinity, appeared. He succeeded in having the orders changed and when General Villa sent an order to Villa Verde, where the men were held, they were released. Instead of waiting for transportation they came by foot to the border, arriving at Naco, early yesterday morning.

With their arrival a general state of relieved anxiety went up from their families, and their many friends.

ALLIED SOLDIERS GLAD.

ARRAS, France, Nov. 6.—In the "black country" north of Arras where the French and British advanced together, as well as in Champagne, the announcement of the recent offensive caused more joy in the ranks than anything that has occurred since the capture of Notre Dame de Lorette. Behind the lines there is a brick building turned into a bath house somewhere near where the French and British lines join. All around it French and English infantrymen mingled with amity-faced miners and all had the broad smile. Tommy Atkins, disturbed in the midst of his doze by the news that things were about to move came out half-dressed to get confirmation of it then dived back again. Presently a swelling chorus of "Tipperary" filled the building. French infantry filing out of their quarters in the works near by and assembling around their stacked arms replied with the "Marseillaise" in which the black-faced miners joined.

In a vacant lot adjoining, detachments of first line troops took their last exercise at grenade throwing, one of them breaking the record with a distance exceeding thirty yards and thereby gaining the honor of leading the march. Another group of soldiers gave vent to their joy by a game of leap frog. Meanwhile the artillery had opened all along the line drawing "Tipperary" and the "Marseillaise."

SUBMARINES PASS STRAIT.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—The straits of Gibraltar were again passed by German submarines. Two French and one Italian steamships were sunk in the Mediterranean.

BISBEE CITIZEN HONORED

PHOENIX, Nov. 6.—Dr. L. B. Ricketts of Bisbee, the most distinguished citizen of Arizona according to a committee of twelve named by Governor Hunt to choose the citizen qualified to receive special honors at the San Francisco exposition. Each state has a similar representative.

EMPEROR OF JAPAN ENTERS ANCIENT CAPITAL OF KIOTO AMID THE PLAUDITS OF HIS ENTHUSIASTIC COUNTRYMEN.

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CORONATION CEREMONY TAKES PLACE WEDNESDAY

Decorations and Preparations in Kioto Are the Most Elaborate in the History of Ancient or Modern Japan.

KIOTO, Japan, Nov. 7.—Amid plaudits and cheers Emperor Yoshihito made his state entry today into Kioto, the ancient capital of the Empire. Here on Wednesday next will be held the first great coronation ceremony.

The imperial train conveying the imperial sanctuary, and the Emperor and the whole court arrived here from Nagoya, where a night was spent. The city was beautifully decorated. Never before was witnessed such a magnificent display of enthusiasm and life in the ancient capital. The people of all classes gave vent to their joy and happiness at the state entry and return, though temporary, of the court, and the arrival of the occasion of the longlooked for coronation ceremony.

The grounds around the station compound and the streets along the route of the imperial procession were profusely decorated and were thronged with citizens eager to worship the imperial sanctuary and welcome the imperial cortege.

On the station platform were present a number of peers residing in Kioto, high prefectural and municipal officials and military officers, representatives of various administrative and business corporations and prominent citizens who accorded hearty welcome to the imperial party.

The imperial sanctuary and the imperial cortege arrived at the station amid the impressive strains of the Kimigayo, or national anthem, and salutes fired by artillery in the neighboring park.

The sacred emblems of sovereignty were slowly borne on the shoulders of villagers. Then, with the Emperor just behind and his suite directly after him, the procession proceeded to the imperial palace through streets lined by troops and people. The imperial sanctuary was taken to the Shinkoden hall especially erected as the site for the reception of the "sanctum sanctorum" in the compound of the Kioto palace. The route of the cortege led through a great green arch erected by the municipality.

The repose of the imperial shrine consisting of the sacred mirror was celebrated with an impressive religious ceremony conducted by the court ritualists in the presence of the coronation commissioners. The ritualists made offerings before the altar, the chief ritualist reading Shinto prayers. Then followed the worship by the Emperor and Empress, who were represented in this case by chamberlains and also worship by the members of the imperial family.

In observance of the coronation the city of Kioto presented the Emperor with picture books containing the works of thirty-eight contemporary artists, a cushion designed by Sokka Kamakura, and a flower vase made at the Prefectural Ceramic Institute. The city also presented to the Empress a gold lacquered box, two rolls of fine brocade with patterns of pine trees and a phoenix and five rolls of white silk damask with patterns of chrysanthemum flowers; the imperial crest embroidered in deep blue.

On the day of the chief coronation ceremony the city assembly will call an extraordinary meeting and present an address to the Emperor, the writing of the address having been entrusted to Kusan Naito, a noted scholar.

On November 18 the municipality will give a garden party at the Holan Shrine inviting all guests from the princes and princesses of the blood downward, numbering 2,500 who will participate in the coronation banquets. The governor of Kioto will give a dinner and theatrical entertainment at Gion, inviting the princes of the blood, ministers of state, the diplomatic corps and other dignitaries.

The Coronation Celebration Committee organized by prominent citizens of Kioto has a plan to invite the participants in the ceremonies to the famous cherry dance, to a maple party on Mount Takao, and to present the

(Continued on Page 6)

WITH THE AUSTRIAN ARMY IN SERBIA



Austrian mortar in Serbia; inoculating Austrian troops against typhus.

These are among the first pictures received from Serbia since the Austro-German offensive in that country. Upper photo shows one of the Austrian 305 mortars engaged in making the Serbian position untenable. The lower photo shows Austrian physicians engaged in inoculating the troops against typhus. It was thought advisable to inoculate all troops entering Serbia, as it was less than a year ago that typhus scored the

FACTORY BURNS COSTING MANY LIVES COUNTERFEITERS ARRESTED IN 'FRISCO

Brooklyn Candy and Clothing Factory Building Burns; Thirteen Men and Girls Burned; Many Are Injured.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Twelve men and girls were burned to death in a fire that destroyed a brick and wood building in Brooklyn. It is believed thirteen others, eight of them girls are missing tonight. They may be in the ruins, which are being searched. As many as forty are injured and expected to die. A score was less seriously burned and bruised.

The building was used by a candy and a clothing factory, employing a total of six hundred, a third of whom were disabused before the fire was discovered in the basement. The elevator shaft, around which was the principal stairway, was a roaring furnace. The flames spread rapidly. The only fire escape was jammed. Men and women were forced to jump from the windows of four floors of the building. The disaster is the worst in a New York factory since the Triangle Waist Company burned several years ago with the loss of one hundred and forty-eight.

Some of the entrapped persons escaped by a stairway in the rear of the building, many leaped from windows before the arrival of the firemen. Six bodies were removed by fire escapes and four were found hanging to windows charred so they were unrecognizable. Several of these girls were burned to death in spite of helpless spectators. The origin of the fire is unknown. A half hour after its discovery the roof collapsed. One man was taken to a hospital where he died of a fractured skull. The coroner is investigating. Loss of life was chiefly among employees of the Kex Shirt Company and R. L. W. Tailoring Company, occupying the third and fourth floors.

Thirteen are now known to be dead. Mrs. Edward Diamond, owner of the building, and her husband, were arrested on a charge of criminal negligence. Diamond said he was in the building during the fire. He claimed district attorney and police are making separate investigations to determine responsibility. Another man was found dead in the ruins.

Mexicans Who Stole Carranza Engraving Plates in Mexico City Arrested in Bay City By United States Agents.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Jovito Luezo and Lorena Arriola were held to answer to the federal grand jury, charged with having counterfeited material in their possession. J. M. Arriola, agent of the consul general of Mexico, testified the men stole the original plates used in printing Carranza currency in November, 1914, when Zapata captured Mexico City.

Arriola testified the defendants were aided by alleged Spanish passports and smuggled the plates and lithographing stones into the United States. Arriola, in endeavoring to secure evidence, opened a printing establishment where the defendants had arranged to have \$15,000,000 in counterfeit Mexican notes printed.

EXPO CLOSES DEC. 4.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—President C. C. Moore, of the San Francisco Exposition, announced definitely the fair would not remain open after December 4.

HUERTA SICK.

EL PASO, Nov. 6.—Huerta, charged with violation of neutrality was removed from P. Bliss where he was a prisoner. He is suffering from jaundice.

Physicians advised that he be removed. They said they feared his condition might become serious. Marshals are guarding Huerta.

TO FIX PRICES.

PARIS, Nov. 6.—The Cabinet has decided to present a bill to the Chamber of Deputies fixing the maximum prices for necessities of life.

MARINES FIGHTING IN HAITI.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—American marines had two more engagements with revolutionists in Haiti. The Americans occupied Port Capois, near the northern border. A patrol of marines was attacked at another point. There were no American casualties. One hundred more marines were sent from the Charleston and South Carolina.

KITCHENER ON HIS WAY TO THE NEAR EAST

Secretary of War in the Asquith Cabinet Leaves England to Look Over the Military Operations in the Near-East.

LONDON GLOBE SEIZED BY GOVERNMENT AGENTS

Kitchener Said to Have Better Knowledge of Near East and East Than Any Other European; Will Look Over All Fields.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—"Earl Kitchener at the request of his colleagues has gone for a short visit to the eastern theatre of war," was announced following an anonymous cabinet council and long audience of Asquith with King George for the purpose of settling at red rumors concerning Kitchener's present intentions. It is officially denied that Kitchener has resigned.

The statement said: "The statement that Earl Kitchener has resigned his post as Secretary of War is authoritatively denied. It is equally untrue to suggest that Kitchener has tendered his resignation or that his visit to the King related to that subject, or that his visit to the eastern theatre betokens that his resignation is contemplated. On the contrary his visit is undertaken in the discharge of his official duties which he has no intention of abandoning."

Simultaneously with the announcement of Kitchener's proposed visit East, the authorities seized the London Globe plant and its issues yesterday and today. It is the first action of the kind against a daily paper since the outbreak of the war. The Globe is one of the government's opponents. It published a report that Kitchener had resigned, based on the fact that Kitchener was received in audience by King George.

The Globe attacked virtually all members of the government Friday and attacked Sir Frederick Smith, the new Attorney General, whom Kitchener had supported. Smith, the previous evening, had defended Asquith against what he described as "despicable and detestable personal attacks." The announced that Kitchener was to visit the East was not surprising. It is believed the Balkans are his destination. No general in England is better equipped with knowledge of Near Eastern affairs, both political and military. It is thought his activities will not be confined to this theatre. It is expected also that he will visit Egypt to inspect the defense of the Suez Canal against possible German and Turkish attack. Mesopotamia, where a British expedition is nearing Baghdad, the Dardanelles where steps are being taken to push operations to conclusion. It is considered impossible that Asquith will hold the office of Prime Minister or Minister of War any length of time. Earl Derby has been mentioned as a possible incumbent during the absence of Kitchener.

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EMPEROR'S TUTOR DIES

PERING, Nov. 6.—Lu Shen-huang, the aged tutor of the boy Emperor Hsuan Tung, died Sunday evening Sept. 26, with words of loyalty to the Manchu regime upon his lips. His last request to his family was that they advise President Yuan Shih-kai not to confer posthumous honors upon him, so that his devotion and faithfulness to the T'ing dynasty may not be marred by any act of republicanism officials.

The venerable scholar passed the metropolitan examination early in his life and obtained the degree of scholar. He was promoted repeatedly until he finally became grand scholar and imperial tutor to Emperor Hsuan Tung at the time of the revolution. With the establishment of the republic he still occupied the same position with the dethroned emperor, and lived with him in the imperial city, where the boy of nine years in a palace provided by the republic.

In addition to his literary attainments, Mr. Lu had a wide knowledge of Chinese medicine and during his life time devoted much of his income to the support of hospitals and purchase of medicine for the poor.